

## **WARNING:**

Before putting tool in service,  
take to your immediate  
supervisor.



# **RENFROE**



Model WHSR Clamp

Application, Operation and Maintenance Manual

**OM 211-WHSR**



# Operators Manual

This Operator's Manual covers the Application, Operation and Maintenance of this RENFROE product. Operator's Manuals for other current RENFROE products are available upon request. Direct Requests to J.C. Renfroe & Sons, Inc., Jacksonville, Florida 32201.

**J.C. RENFROE & SONS,  
INCORPORATED**  
of Jacksonville, Florida, has  
been an international leader  
in the manufacture and mar-  
keting of Lifting Clamps for  
over fifty years. **RENFROE**  
products are manufactured  
in Jacksonville, Florida. A  
worldwide network of stock-  
ing distributors provides a  
readily available source of  
supply and service.

**J.C. RENFROE & SONS,  
INCORPORATED**  
Jacksonville, Florida 32201  
Telephone: 904/356-4181  
Toll Free: 1-800-874-8454  
Fax: 904/354-7865  
[www.jcrenfroe.com](http://www.jcrenfroe.com)

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THIS PUBLICATION SUPERSEDES ALL PREVIOUSLY PUBLISHED AND/OR DISTRIBUTED INFORMATION BY MANUFACTURER AND/OR ITS DISTRIBUTORS WITH RESPECT TO APPLICABLE RENFROE PRODUCTS AND SUBJECT MATTER DESCRIBED OR CONTAINED HEREIN.

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## **WARNING:**

Prior to selection, operation and/or maintenance of RENFROE products, read and understand the information provided in this manual.

The understanding and use of the Definitions are important in determining the limitations and proper application of RENFROE products.

Failure to review and utilize recommended applications, operation and maintenance instructions may result in serious injury to operator and others.

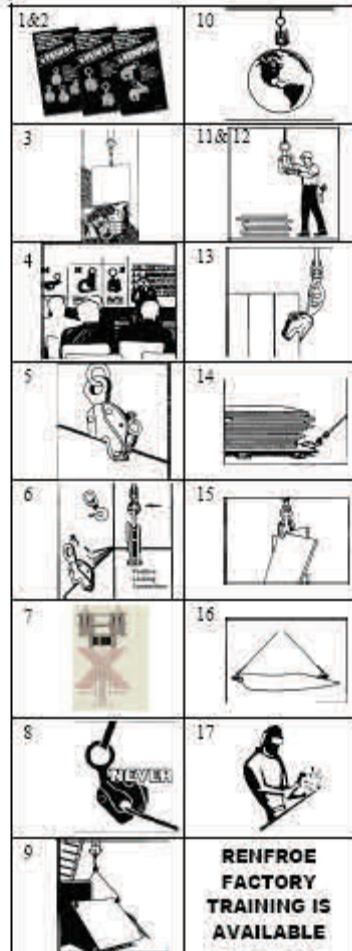
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### **NOTICE OF EXCLUSION OF WARRANTY**

RENFROE HAS HEREIN SET FORTH IN CONSPICUOUS LANGUAGE AN EXCLUSION OF ANY WARRANTY EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, WHICH IS NOT SPECIFICALLY AND PARTICULARLY CONTAINED HEREIN. PLEASE REFER TO THAT STATEMENT FOR REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF PRODUCTS MANUFACTURED BY J.C. RENFROE & SONS, INC.

# OPERATING AIDS *(DO'S AND DON'TS)*

1. DO read and understand the operator's manual before using clamp.
2. DO consult Operators Manual or RENFROE when in doubt.
3. DON'T lift over workmen. DON'T lift over safety areas or personnel.
4. DO attend a factory training class for establishing proper use of Renfroe Products.
5. DO Lock clamp closed when clamps are fitted with a lock. DON'T lift with lock in open or "lock open" position.
6. DON'T use a connection that may release the clamp.
7. DON'T attach clamp directly to crane hook. DO use a flexible connection between crane hook and clamp shackle. DON'T use heavy flexible connection.
8. DO use correct clamp for job. DON'T use large capacity clamps to lift light loads.
9. DO use an adequate number of clamps to balance load. DON'T lift loads that are not balanced.
10. DO use clamps within their rated capacity. DON'T overload clamps.
11. Do inspect clamp before each lift, follow inspection and maintenance instructions outlined in the manual and use RENFROE replacement parts to assure proper operation of the clamp.
12. DON'T use clamp that has been overloaded. DO refer to pre-lift inspection in Operator's Manual.
13. DON'T side load with a straight shackle clamp.
14. DON'T misuse. DON'T lift plate from bottom of plate stack.
15. DON'T rush. DON'T lift more than one plate at a time with a vertical clamp.
16. DON'T improvise. Always use correct clamp for the job. DON'T lift plate horizontally with a vertical lift only clamp.
17. DON'T alter clamp. DON'T grind, weld or modify the clamp in any manner.



J.C. RENFROE & SONS, INC.  
P.O. BOX 4279 / 1928 SPEARING STREET / JACKSONVILLE, FL 32201

Phone: 904-356-4181  
Fax/Fax: 904-354-7065  
Internet: [www.jrenfroe.com](http://www.jrenfroe.com)  
E-Mail: [sales@jrenfroe.com](mailto:sales@jrenfroe.com)

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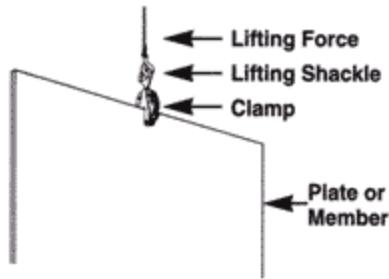
## **OPERATING AIDS (DO'S AND DON'TS)**

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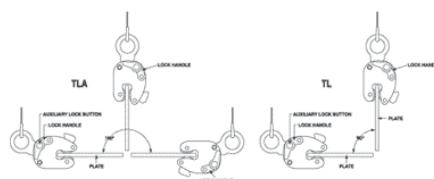
1. DO read and understand the Operators Manual before using the clamp
2. DO Consult Operator's Manual or RENFROE when in doubt.
3. DON'T Lift over workmen DON'T lift over Safety Areas or personnel.
4. Do attend a factory training class for establishing proper use of Renfroe Products.
5. DO Lock clamp closed before lifting load. DON'T lift with lock in open or "Lock Open" position.
6. DON'T Use a connection that may release the clamp.
7. DON'T attach clamp directly to crane hook. DO use a flexible connection between crane and clamp shackle. DON'T use heavy flexible connection.
8. DO use correct clamp for job. DON'T use large capacity clamps to lift light loads.
9. DO Use an adequate number of clamps to balance load. DON'T lift loads that are not balanced.
10. DO Use clamps within their rated capacity. DON'T overload clamps
11. DO Inspect clamp before each lift, follow inspection and maintenance instructions outlined in this manual and use RENFROE replacement parts to assure proper operation of the clamp
12. DON'T Use clamp that has been overloaded. DO refer to pre-lift inspection in Operators Manual
13. DON'T Side load with a straight shackle clamp. DON'T lift from side with vertical clamp
14. DON'T Misuse. DON'T lift plate from bottom of plate stack.
15. DON'T Rush. DON'T lift more than one plate at a time with a vertical clamp.
16. DON'T Improvise. Always use correct clamp for job. DON'T lift plate horizontally with a vertical lift only clamp.
17. DON'T Alter clamp. DON'T grind, weld or modify the clamp in any manner.

## DEFINITIONS

**VERTICAL LIFT:** The lifting of a single plate or member in which the lifting force exerted by the rigging is directly above and in line with the lifting shackle as shown in the illustration below.

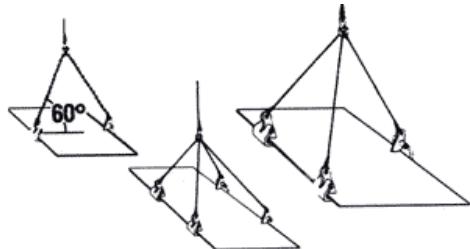


**VERTICAL TURN/LIFT:** A vertical turn/lift clamp is a vertical lifting clamp specifically intended to turn a single plate or member thru a ninety degree ( $90^\circ$ ) arc and back to vertical thru the same ninety degree ( $90^\circ$ ) arc or from horizontal to vertical to horizontal thru a one hundred and eighty degree ( $180^\circ$ ) arc. Refer to Application Section of specific Turn/Lift clamps for further detail. During the turning operation the edge of the plate opposite the edge to which the clamp is attached should always be in contact with a supporting surface such as a factory floor and the load on the clamp not exceed one half rated capacity of clamp—refer to illustrations shown below.



**HORIZONTAL LIFT:** Clamps (used in pairs or multiples) are attached to the side edges of a plate or bundle of plates positioned horizontally to the floor level. The rigging attached to clamps is generally multi-legged slings with the connecting point of the slings being approximately centered between the distance separating the clamps. Refer to illustrations shown below.

**WARNING:** The capacity of all horizontal clamps is based on a sling angle of sixty degrees ( $60^\circ$ ). See illustration below. Sling angles less than sixty degrees ( $60^\circ$ ) increase the load exerted on the clamps. Never exceed the rated capacity of a single clamp.



**STEEL PLATES:** Unless otherwise specified, lifting clamps are manufactured to handle hot-rolled steel plates whose Brinell Hardness does not exceed 300. **WARNING:** Do not lift plates with coatings or mill scale that prevent the gripping surfaces of the clamp from making positive contact with the base metal.

For applications not covered by the above information, secure written recommendations from RENFROE.

**FINISHED AND POLISHED PLATES:** Steel plates in this category have other than hot-rolled surfaces such as stainless steel, etc., are generally handled using non-marring clamps incorporating smooth gripping surfaces.

**WARNING:** For applications using clamps with serrated gripping sur-

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**faces on finished or polished plates, secure written recommendations from RENFROE.**

**STRUCTURAL MEMBERS—FABRICATED SECTIONS:** Unless otherwise specified, clamps described as capable of handling structural members and fabricated sections are limited to hot-rolled steel whose Brinell Hardness does not exceed 300. **WARNING:** For applications not covered by the above information, secure written recommendations from RENFROE.

**RATED CAPACITY:** The rated capacity of a RENFROE product is based on the product being in "new or as new" condition and represents the maximum load the product is to be subjected to when utilized in the manner described in this manual. Wear, misuse, abuse and other factors relating to usage may reduce the rated capacity. Shock loading and the factors listed must be taken into consideration when selecting a RENFROE product for a given application.

**PLATE THICKNESS:** The minimum and maximum plate thickness a clamp specified for handling plates is capable of lifting. **WARNING:** Never use a clamp for lifting a plate where the plate thickness is less than or greater than the minimum and maximum stenciled on the clamp.

**JAW OPENING:** The minimum and maximum thickness of a member of clamp specified as having a JAW OPENING is capable of handling. **WARNING:** Never use a clamp on a member whose thickness is less than or greater than the range of jaw

**opening stenciled on the clamp.**

**OPERATING TEMPERATURES:** Unless specified under the Application Section of the individual model, the approved operating temperature of RENFROE clamps is from zero degrees Fahrenheit (-18 Celsius) to a maximum of 200 degrees Fahrenheit (+93 degrees Celsius). The minimum and maximum temperatures apply to both ambient and the material being handled by the clamp. **WARNING:** Secure written authorization from RENFROE before using clamps in temperatures other than shown.

**"HOT LIFTS":** The Model R and S clamps are available in modifications that are capable of making lifts where the temperatures of the member being lifted exceeds 200 degrees Fahrenheit (+93 degrees Celsius). Depending on conditions a lift may exceed 1000 degrees Fahrenheit (538 degrees Celsius). The exact application and temperatures of the plates to be handled are critical in selecting the proper model. **WARNING:** Secure written instructions from RENFROE for all hot lift applications.

**LOCKING CLAMPS:** Locking clamps are divided into the categories listed below. With the exception of the "Locking Wedge" and "Locking Screw" type the purpose of the locks are to facilitate the attaching and removing of the clamp from the member being handled.

**"LOCK CLOSED"** - an overcenter spring loaded mechanism in which the spring exerts a force on the gripping cam when the lock handle is moved to the "Lock Closed" position. When the

handle is moved to unlocked position the force exerted by the spring is relaxed and the gripping cam may be retracted by pushing the lifting shackle into body of clamp. Refer to the Operation Section of specific models of "Lock Closed" clamps for additional details. Typical "Lock Closed" clamps are Models DG, FR and M.

"LOCK OPEN ONLY" - normally used on "Hot Lift" clamps and consists of a manually operated "Lock Stop Pin" that is inserted when gripping cam of clamp is retracted and removed when clamp is positioned on the plate. Tag line may be used to permit operator to remove pin from a greater distance from clamp. Refer to the Operation Section of specific model of "Lock Open Only" clamps for additional details. Typical "Lock Open Only" clamp is the Model RO.

"LOCK OPEN-LOCK CLOSED" - an over-center spring loaded mechanism in which the spring exerts a force on the gripping cam when the lock handle is moved to the "Lock Closed" position. When the handle is moved to the "Lock Open" the gripping cam is maintained in the retracted position for ease in installing the clamp on a plate or member. The Model FRD contains individual "Lock Open" and "Lock Closed" mechanisms that must be operated separately. Refer to the Operation Section of specific models of the "Lock Open-Lock Closed" clamps for additional details. Typical "Lock Open-Lock Closed" clamps are Models FRD, R, S, SD, SEA, SX, TL, TLA and the J-Series.

"LOCKING WEDGE" - is a fluted steel wedge that is driven in place with a

hammer. The body of the wedge is positioned in a slot in the clamp body with the fluted edges contacting the member to which the clamp is being attached. Refer to Operation Section of specific models of the "Locking Wedge" clamps for additional details. Typical "Locking Wedge" clamps are Model A1, B1, B2 and PB.

"Locking Screw" - "Lock Screw" clamps depend on manually adjusting a screw to hold the gripping surface in place for lifting and removing the clamp from member being lifted. Refer to Operation Section of a specific model of "Locking Screw" clamps for additional details. Typical "Locking Screw" clamps are Models AC, ACP, NM, PC, SCP and SCPA.

**NON-LOCKING:** "Non-Locking" clamps have no mechanisms to aid in attaching or removing clamp from member being lifted. It is necessary to have position of clamp maintained on the member being lifted until a properly applied force is exerted to the lifting shackle. Refer to Operation Section of specific models of the "Non-Locking" clamps for additional details. Typical "Non-Locking" clamps are Model AST, ASTL, BD, HR, HDR and WHSR.

**WARNING:** A pointing out and notice of danger. The purpose of a "WARNING" is to apprise the operator and all other affected persons of the existence of danger of which he should be but may not be aware and to enable the operator to protect himself and others where applicable against such danger. An attempt is made herein to warn against reasonable and reasonably foreseeable danger in the proper use and possible reasonable misuse of RENFROE products described in this manual.

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**DESIGNATED PERSON** — A person selected by the employer or the employer's representative as being competent to perform those specific duties.

**QUALIFIED PERSON** — A person who, by possession of a recognized degree in an applicable field or certificate of professional standing, or who, by extensive knowledge, training, and experience, has successfully demonstrated the ability to solve problems relating to the subject matter at hand.

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## **MODEL WHSR**

### **HORIZONTAL LIFTING**

### **NON-LOCKING**

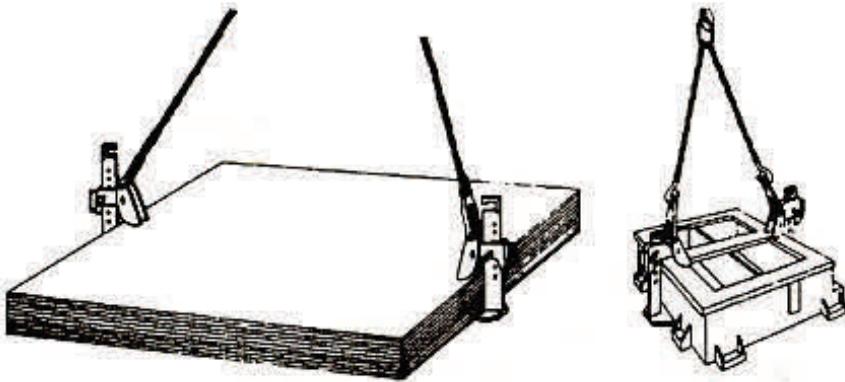


### **Application WHSR**

The model "WHSR" is an adjustable, horizontal clamp intended to be used in pairs, sets of pairs, or in a tripod arrangement for transporting steel plates in the horizontal position. Refer to Illustrations shown below. In addition to incorporating two gripping cams, the jaw opening may be adjusted by the positioning of a pin in the body of the clamp. The gripping cams are spring loaded to remain in the "Open" position until the load is applied. This feature permits the clamp to be easily applied and removed from the load. The model "WHSR" is a "Non-locking" clamp and requires constant tension applied to lifting shackle throughout the entire operation. Refer to Definitions, Page 2, for explanation of "Non-locking" clamp. Normally furnished with serrated gripping surfaces, it is available with smooth faced bronze or stainless steel surfaces to prevent marring when handling polished plates.

For identification of component parts, refer to exploded view of the clamp located at the end of the Maintenance Section.

**WARNING:** The rated capacity is based on a sling angle of 60 degrees. Refer to Illustration A. Sling angles less than 60 degrees increase load on clamp. Refer to Operation Section, Step 3, Chart C, for correct loading of clamp with sling angles less than 60 degrees. Sling angles greater than 60 degrees reduces gripping force. Do not exceed 60 degrees. Always use an adequate number of clamps to assure a balanced load. Never exceed the rated capacity of a single clamp. Never use on plate or bundle of plates that are not able to support themselves without sagging. Refer to Illustration B. Refer to the sections on operation and maintenance for the approved procedures in the operation and maintenance of this product.



Handles bundles of steel plate of varying thickness

Ideal for handling bulky items such as forgings, castings, heavy sections, etc.

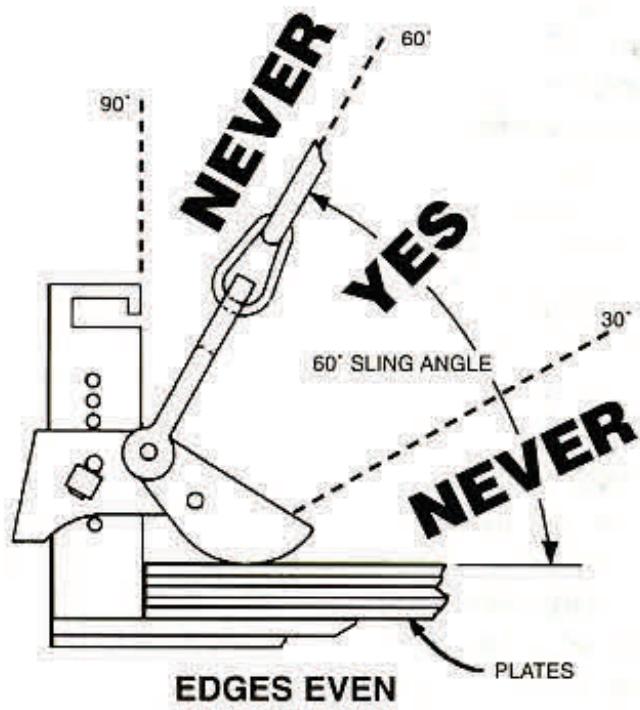


Illustration A

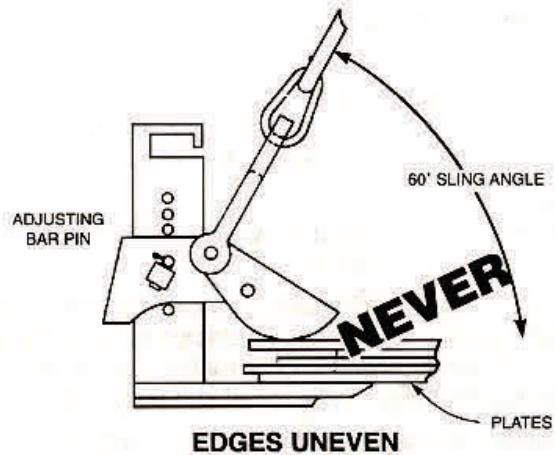


Illustration A

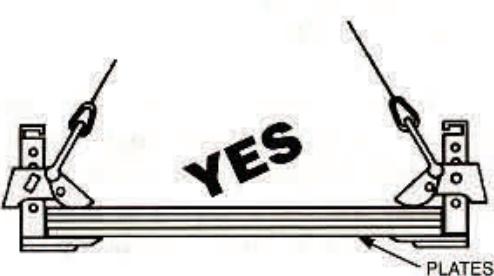


Illustration B

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## **Operation WHSR**

### **Step 1.**

Before using any RENFROE clamp, refer to the Application Section to confirm that the operation to be undertaken is an appropriate application for this product.

### **Step 2.**

The model "WHSR", rated individually, is used in pairs, multiples of pairs, or tripods.

The "WHSR" has an adjustable jaw opening. When used in pairs or multiples, set all of the clamps at the same jaw opening whenever possible or in such a manner that the plates being lifted remain horizontal and do not tilt.

**WARNING: Never exceed the rated capacity of a single clamp.**

### **Step 3.**

Select clamp with proper capacity and jaw opening range. Use of sling angles under 60 degrees increases the load on the clamps. Use Chart C to determine maximum capacity weight per clamp when using sling angle less than 60 degrees.

### **CHART C**

Model Capacity	Rated Capacity In Tons		
	60°	45°	30°
WHSR ½	.5	.35	.25
WHSR 1½	1.5	1.05	0.75
WHSR 3	3.0	2.1	1.5
WHSR 6	6.0	4.25	3.0
WHSR 8	8.0	5.65	4.0

**WARNING: Always use an adequate number of clamps to assure a balanced load. Never use on plates or bundles of plates that are not able to support themselves without sagging or stacked without sagging or stacked without edges being even.**

**Refer to Illustrations A and B**

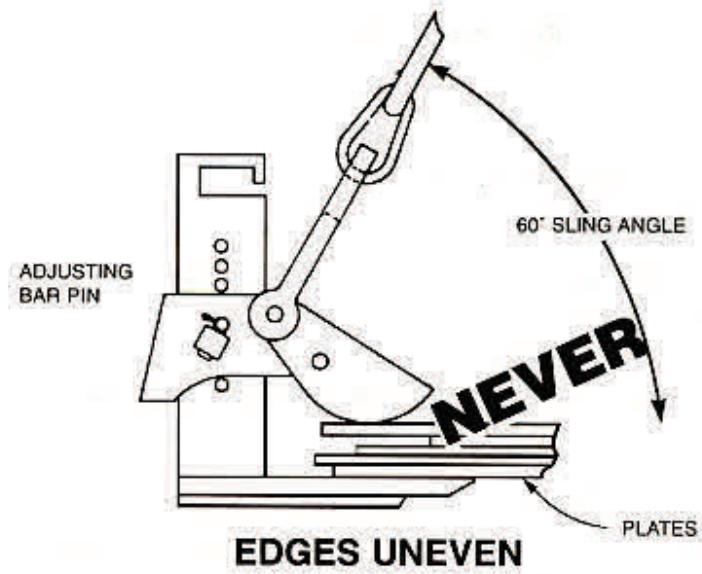
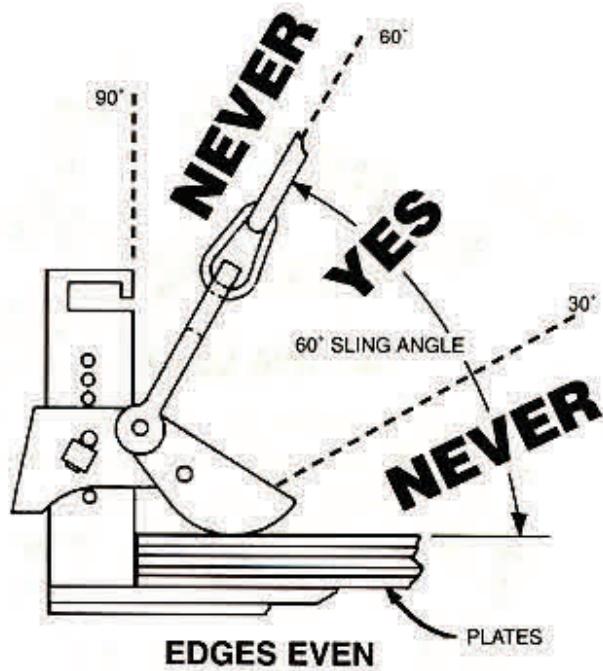


Illustration A

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Step 4.

Inspect clamp before each lift.

**WARNING: Do not use if in need of repair.**

If in doubt, refer to Maintenance Section for detailed maintenance instructions and exploded view of the clamp for part identification.

- A. Check the clamp to be certain the Identification and warning tags are present and legible.
- B. Do not use the clamp if the tags are missing or illegible
- C. Inspect gripping surfaces of cams for wear and defects.  
Gripping surfaces must be sharp and free of foreign matter.
- D. Inspect condition of body for wear, damage and distortion.  
Take particular note of the intersection of the vertical upright and the footpad.
- E. Inspect footpad for distortion of bending indicating the clamp has been subjected to overloading.
- F. Inspect lifting shackle and all pin holes for wear and elongation.
- G. Inspect cam spring for distortion and damage.
- H. Inspect adjustable bar pin for wear and damage.
- I. Inspect safety pin assembly for wear and damage. Spring must be in place. Safety pin assembly must engage adjusting bar pin a firm manner holding it securely in place.
- J. Inspect lifting shackle for wear and damage.
- K. Remove any clamp from service in need of repair.

Step 5.

The clamp is a component of the rigging used in the lifting or transporting of plates. It is important to use safe and adequate rigging. Each clamp is manually held in place until the gripping mechanism of the clamp is activated by a force applied to the lifting shackle.

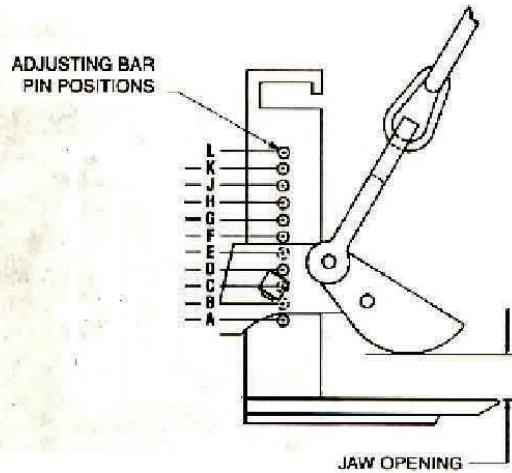
**WARNING:** Improper or excessively heavy rigging may interfere with the operation of the clamp and its ability to maintain proper position on the plate. Never attach crane hook directly to the clamp—always use a flexible sling between crane hook and clamp.

The clamp springs are intended to hold the cams in the “Open” position to facilitate mounting the clamps on the plates.

Step 6.

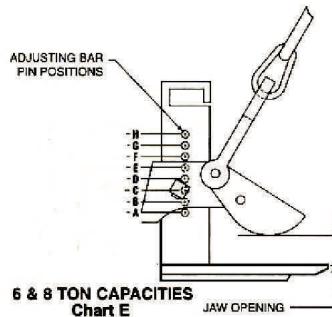
Adjust clamp jaw opening by positioning the adjusting bar pin according to thickness of load to be lifted. Refer to Photograph F and Charts D and E for proper positioning of adjusting par pin.

PIN POSITION	JAW OPENING INCHES
A	0-1½
B	1½-3
C	3½-4½
D	4½-6
E	6½-7½
F	7½-9
G	9½-10½
H	10½-12
J	12½-13½
K	13½-15
L	15½-16



**½, 1½ & 3 TON CAPACITIES**  
Chart D

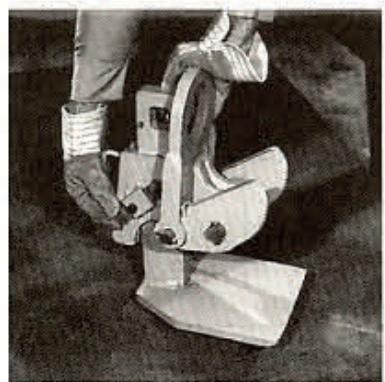
PIN POSITION	JAW OPENING INCHES
A	0-2
B	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ -4
C	4 $\frac{1}{2}$ -6
D	6 $\frac{1}{2}$ -8
E	8 $\frac{1}{2}$ -10
F	10 $\frac{1}{2}$ -12
G	12 $\frac{1}{2}$ -14
H	14 $\frac{1}{2}$ -16



Photograph F

**Step 7.**

Make certain the safety pin assembly is engaging the groove in the adjusting bar pin. Refer to Photograph G.



Photograph G

**Step 8.**

Assemble the clamps on the plates so the edges of the plates are positioned the full depth of the clamp footpads. Refer to Illustration A, Step 3 and Photograph H.

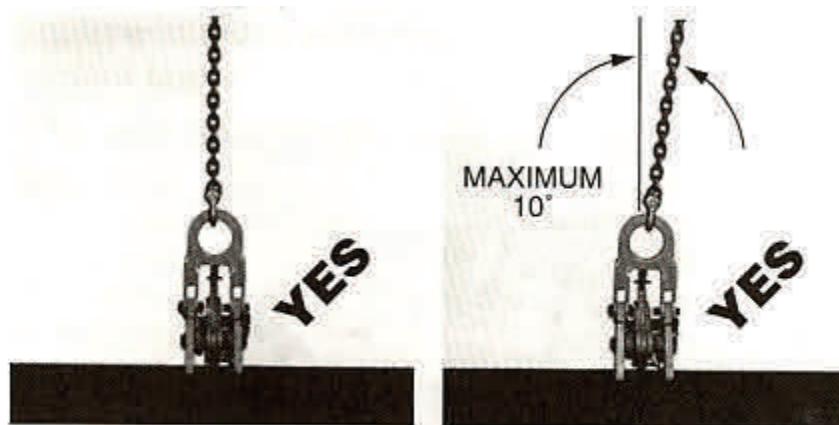


Photograph H

Position the clamps so the direction of force applied by the crane is in line with the lifting shackles.

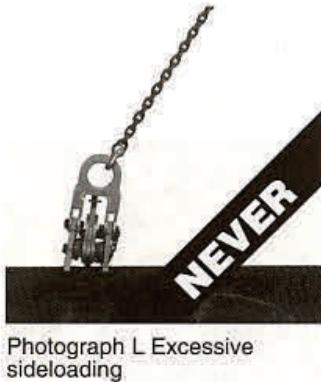
**WARNING: Never exceed ten degrees side-loading.**

Refer to Photographs J, K and L.



Photograph J Sling directly above and in line with the lifting shackle.

Photograph K Maximum allowable sideloading



Photograph L Excessive sideloading

Step 9.

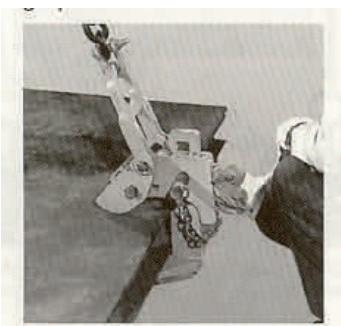
Each person must make certain the gripping cams and lifting pads are fully in contact with the plates and not partially on and off the edge of the plates.

Step 10.

Each person must hold a clamp in place until lifting sling is tight enough to maintain clamps' position on plates.

**WARNING: A constant force must be maintained on the lifting shackles throughout the entire operation.**

Refer to Photograph M.



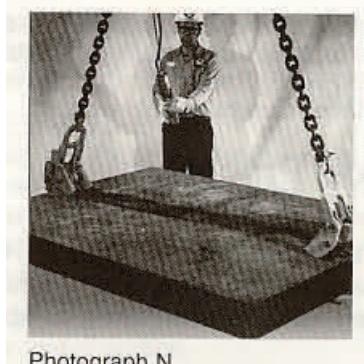
Photograph M

Step 11.

Commence lift.

**WARNING: The operator should position himself away from and fully clear of the member to be lifted. Do not commence lift until all personnel are clear of the area of the lift. Never stand under or near a member being lifted, lowered or moved.**

Refer to Photograph N.



Photograph N

Step 12.

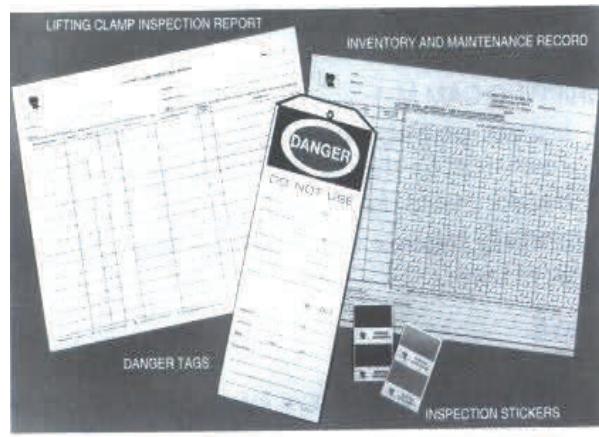
To remove clamps—after the plates are fully supported and at rest in a stable position, relax lifting force on shackles. Remove clamps from the plates.

Step 13.

Inspect clamp. Remove from service if in need of repair.

**WARNING: In the event the stenciling is worn and not legible or the tag containing the model, capacity or other pertinent information is missing—do not use clamp until it has been properly labeled. Renfroe will replace tags at no charge upon request.**

For identification of component parts, refer to the exploded view of clamp located after Step 12. Inspection Kits are available to no charge upon request from the distributor or RENFROE. Kit contains:



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## **Maintenance Program for Renfroe Clamps Manufactured from Steel**

The severity of service to which the clamp is subjected in the work place determines the frequency and type of inspection procedure required for the clamp. The frequency and type of inspection is determined by the clamp owner. Renfroe acknowledges the ASME B30.20 safety standard which sets forth minimum inspection requirements for "Below-the-Hook" lifting devices and the Renfroe Recommended Inspection Schedule meets and/or exceeds the ASME inspection recommendations.

**Before using a clamp operators should be trained by a qualified person to visually inspect a lifting clamp that will include but not be limited to the following:**

**Every lift Inspection:**

*A visual inspection by the operator before and after each lift made by the clamp.*

- Check the clamp to be certain the identification and warning tags are present and legible.
- Do not use the clamp if the tags are missing or illegible
- Inspect gripping surfaces of cams for wear and defects. Gripping surfaces must be sharp and free of foreign matter.
- Inspect condition of body for wear, damage and distortion. Take particular note of the intersection of the vertical upright and the footpad.
- Inspect footpad for distortion or bending indicating the clamp has been subjected to overloading.
- Inspect lifting shackle and all pin holes for wear and elongation.
- Inspect cam spring for distortion and damage.
- Inspect adjustable bar pin for wear and damage.
- Inspect safety pin assembly for wear and damage. Spring must be in place. Safety pin assembly must engage adjusting bar pin a firm manner holding it securely in place.

Remove any clamp from service in need of repair.

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### **WARNING: Do not use the clamp if in need of repair.**

If, during the every lift inspection, the operator or believes the clamp exhibits excessively worn parts or is damaged, the clamp should be inspected by a qualified person who will make a determination as to its fitness to make a lift. At this time the condition of the clamp should be noted and recorded. After inspection by the qualified person it may be decided that a periodic inspection procedure is necessary.

#### **Frequent Inspection:**

*A visual inspection (see every lift inspection) by an operator or other designated person timed according to the clamps service class.*

- **Normal Service:** monthly
- **Heavy Service:** weekly to monthly
- **Severe Service:** daily to weekly.

If, during the frequent lift inspection, the operator or designated person believes the clamp exhibits excessively worn parts or is damaged the clamp should be inspected by a qualified person who will make a determination as to its fitness to make a lift. At this time the condition of the clamp should be noted and recorded. After inspection by the qualified person it may be decided that a periodic inspection procedure is necessary.

#### **Periodic Inspection:**

*A recorded inspection by a qualified person as described in the Periodic Inspection Procedure below timed according to the clamps service class.*

- **Normal Service:** annual
- **Heavy Service:** semi-annual
- **Severe Service:** quarterly.

If during any inspection a condition is found which leads to a periodic inspection then the next periodic inspection is due from the time the clamp is returned to service. See the table below.

**Normal Service-One Year  
Heavy Service-6 Months  
Severe Service-3 Months**

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**Warning: If any hazardous condition is found that may cause injury to the operator or other personnel then the clamp should be subjected to a Periodic Inspection by a Qualified Person.**

**Repair (replacement of worn parts)**

During regular maintenance when replacing parts that are worn a record should be made of the parts replaced. After the replacement of worn parts clamps need not be load tested.

**Repair (replacement of damaged parts)**

During a repair in which parts are replaced due to damage a record should be made of the repair. At this time the clamp should be marked with the following information as per the ASME B30.20 requirements:

- Name and address of the repairer
- Repairer's unit identification
- Clamp weight (if altered)
- Rated load (if altered)
- ASME BTH-1 Design Category (if altered)
- ASME BTH-1 Service Class (if altered)

RENFROE clamps are constructed so the wearing parts may be replaced by installing parts or by using RENFROE Repair Kits containing all parts generally replaced due to normal wear.

## **PERIODIC INSPECTION PROCEDURES**

**Step 1.**

Verify the identity of the clamp by checking the I. D. plate on the clamp body. If the I. D. plate is missing or not legible an RFID chip (Radio Frequency Identification Device) is embedded in the clamp body or a clamp component. If the I. D. plate is missing and the RFID chip is unavailable call the Renfroe factory for instructions on returning the clamp for recertification.

**Step 2.**

Completely disassemble clamp.

**Step 3.**

Remove all dirt, grease and other matter that may inhibit proper inspection of the clamp or clamp components

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#### .Step 4. BODY

- A. Inspect welds for fractures. RENFROE recommends a dye penetrant or similar method of detecting indications on the clamp. If an indication is found it may be necessary to use a magnetic particle, ultrasonic or similar methods for determining damage to the clamp or components.
- B. Inspect internal and external surfaces for fractures, wear and distortion.
- C. Inspect adjusting holes located in upright of body for wear and distortion. Refer to exploded view.
- D. Inspect upright portion of body for bending. Refer to exploded view.
- E. Inspect foot-pad for distortion or bending. Foot-pad should form a 90 degree angle with the upright. Refer to exploded view. Inspect welds at junction of foot-pad and upright.

**WARNING: Replace clamps containing fractures, worn and elongated holes and bent and distorted uprights and foot-pads.**

#### Step 5.

##### LIFTING SHACKLE WHSR-1

- A. Inspect welds and body for fractures, wear and distortion.
- B. Inspect lifting shackle eye for elongation and wear at point where eye engages sling attachment.
- C. Inspect shackle pin holes for wear and elongation.

An elongated shackle eye indicates overloading. Elongated shackle pin holes indicate wear and possible overloading. Bent shackles indicate excessive side-loading.

**WARNING: replace shackles that are bent, show excessive wear at eye, have elongated eye and shackle pin hole.**

#### Step 6.

##### ADJUSTABLE BAR WHSR-2

The adjustable bar is not a replacement part, but is matched with each clamp body. In order to replace either the adjustable bar or the body, the clamp must be returned to the factory. Clamp body and adjusting bar are stenciled with matching numbers.

- A. Inspect welds, internal and external surfaces for fractures, wear and distortion.
- B. Inspect all pin holes for wear and elongation.
- C. Inspect handle mounted on back of adjustable bar for damage. The handle must be in place to aid in making adjustments.

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**WARNING: Replace clamps with adjustable bars containing fractures, elongated holes or distorted body.**

Step 7.

ADJUSTABLE BAR PIN WHSR-3

- A. Inspect adjustable bar pin for distortion, surface blemishes, wear and fractures.

**WARNING: Replace if distorted, worn or containing surface scars or fractures.**

Step 8.

SAFETY PIN ASSEMBLY WHSR-4

- A. Inspect safety pin assembly for wear and damage.
- B. Inspect spring for distortion or damage.
- C. Make certain safety pin hold down screw is tight.

Safety pin slide must engage in groove in adjusting bar pin in a firm manner, holding in securely in place. Refer to exploded view.

**WARNING: Replace all components of the safety pin assembly that are worn or damaged, and springs that do not maintain safety pin slide firmly extended.**

Step 9.

SHACKLE PIN and CAM PIN WHSR-5 and WHSR-7

- A. Inspect all pins for:
  1. Distortion
  2. Surface blemishes
  3. Wear
  4. Fractures.

**WARNING: Replace pins that are distorted, have surface scars, are worn or contain fractures.**

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Step 10.

**GRIPPING CAM WHSR-6**

- A. Inspect cams for chipped or worn teeth. Teeth must be sharp and free of foreign matter. Inspect cams for fractures, particularly at the cam pin holes.
- B. The model ‘WHSR’ is also supplied with gripping surfaces of the cams plated with stainless steel or bronze. Inspect cams for damage to bronze or stainless steel gripping surfaces.

**WARNING: Replace cams with worn or damaged teeth, containing fractures and having elongated pin holes. Replace bronze or stainless steel cams that have worn gripping surfaces.**

Step 11.

**CAM SPRING—WHSR-8**

- A. Inspect cam springs for distortion or damage.

Cam springs are intended to hold the cams in the “Open” position to facilitate mounting the clamps on the plates.

**WARNING: Replace springs that are damaged and are not capable of holding the cams in the “Open” position.**

Step 12.

**ASSEMBLY**

After reassembly, check operation of clamp. All parts should move freely without binding. Refer to exploded view for proper location of component parts.

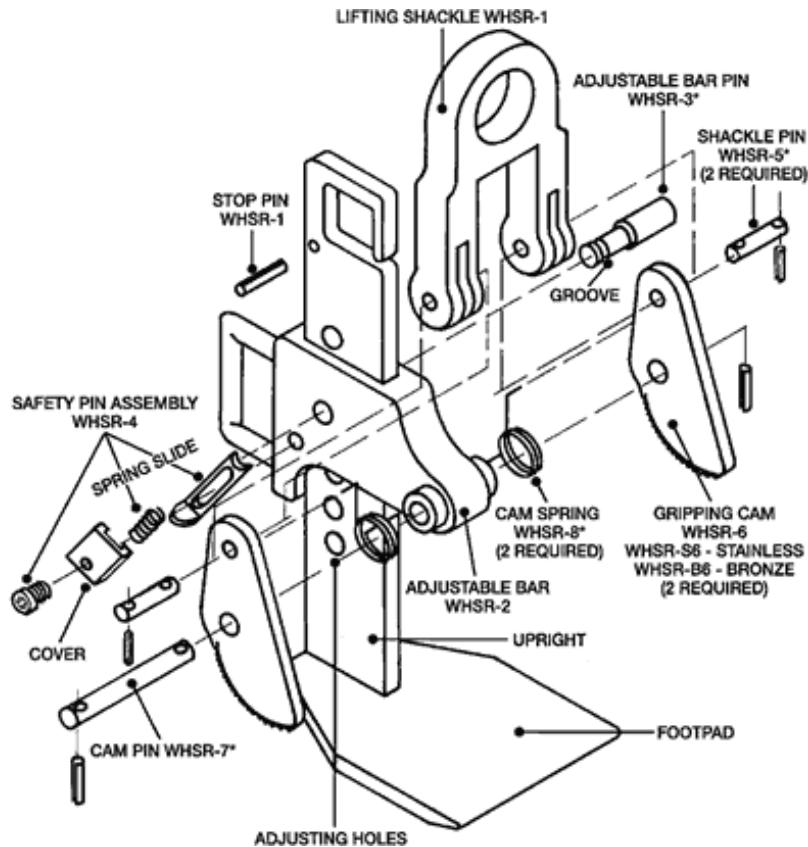
**WARNING: All retaining pins and fasteners must be in place.**

**GENERAL**

RENFREO products may be returned to the factory for inspection and refurbishment in accordance with an established fee schedule.

Use only RENFROE replacement parts to insure maximum efficiency and safety factor originally built into the product. Refer to RENFROE catalog for instruction on ordering replacement parts.

**WARNING:** Do not weld, grind or modify the clamp body or component parts in any manner. In the event the stenciling is worn and not legible or the tag containing the model, capacity or other pertinent information is missing—do not use clamp until it has been properly labeled. Renfroe will replace tag at no charge upon request.



\*These parts are included in Renfroe Repair Kit.

#### EXCLUSION OF WARRANTY

THERE EXISTS NO WARRANTIES NEITHER EXPRESSED NOR IMPLIED WHICH EXTEND BEYOND THE DESCRIPTIONS OR STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THE FACE OR ANY PART HERE-OF.

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**J.C. RENFROE & SONS, INC.**

P.O. Box 4279 • 1926 Spearing Street • Jacksonville, Florida 32206  
Phone: U.S.A. Toll Free (800) 874-8454 (in Florida 904/356-4181)  
Facsimile: 904/354-7865 • Internet: [www.jcrenfroe.com](http://www.jcrenfroe.com)